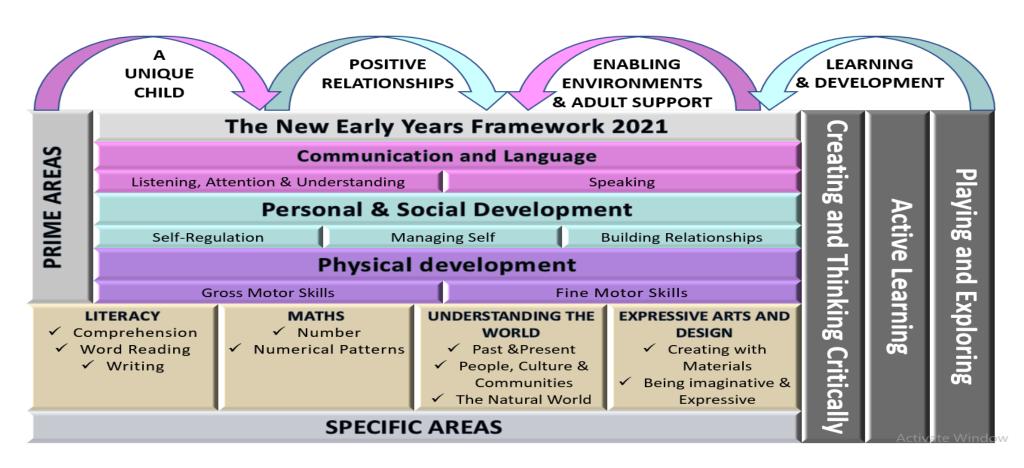


(image taken from Mrs Underwood.co.uk)



The Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning.

Playing and Exploring	Active Learning	Creating and Thinking Critically.
 Realise that their actions have an effect on the world, so they want to keep repeating them. Reach for and accept objects. Make choices and explore different resources and materials. Plan and think ahead about how they will explore or play with objects. Guide their own thinking and actions by talking to themselves while playing. Make independent choices. Do things independently that they have been previously taught. Bring their own interests and fascinations into early years settings. This helps them to develop their learning. Respond to new experiences that you bring to their attention. 	 Participate in routines, such as going to their cot or mat when they want to sleep. Begin to predict sequences because they know routines. Show goal-directed behaviour. Use a range of strategies to reach a goal they have set themselves. Begin to correct their mistakes themselves. Keep on trying when things are difficult. 	 Take part in simple pretend play. Sort materials. Review their progress as they try to achieve a goal. Check how well they are doing. Solve real problems. Use pretend play to think beyond the 'here and now' and to understand another perspective. Know more, so feel confident about coming up with their own ideas. Make more links between those ideas. Concentrate on achieving something that's important to them. They are increasingly able to control their attention and ignore distractions.

Communication and Language

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2 Consolidate skills and knowledge from the 3- to 4-year-old section of the Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Development Matters plus begin to teach from the Reception year of the Learn new vocabulary. development matters. Use new vocabulary through the day. Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them happens. Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. difficult. Describe events in some detail. Use a wider range of vocabulary. Understand a question or Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work instruction that has two parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at and why they might happen. the door". Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the Develop social phrases. caterpillar got so fat?" Engage in story times. Sing a large repertoire of songs. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition to tell a long story and some in their own words. Develop their communication but may continue to have problems Use new vocabulary in different contexts. with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. 'swimmed' for 'swam'.

Use longer sentences of four to six words.

'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus'.

Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.

Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying: • some

sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh • multi-syllabic words such as 'pterodactyl',

- Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.
- Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus... you sit there... I'll be the driver."

- Learn rhymes, poems and songs.
- Engage in non-fiction books
- Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.

Early Learning Goal Assessment at the end of the Reception Year –

Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

Speaking

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
 Consolidate skills and knowledge from the 3- to 4-year-old section of the Development Matters plus begin to teach from the Reception year of the development matters. Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them. Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community. Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting. Show more confidence in new social situations. Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas. Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas. Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them. Develop appropriate ways of being assertive. Talk with others to solve conflicts. Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. Understand gradually how others might be feeling. Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g., brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly. Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing. Early Learning Goal Assessment at the end of the Reception Year – 	 Build construct Express their f Show resilience Identify and m Think about the Manage their of Persona Know and talk of regular persona 		onships feelings of others. he face of challenge. hgs socially and emotio hors that support their of y eating • toothbrushi	overall health and wel	_

Self-Regulation

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.
- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.

• Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

Managing Self

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.
- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

Building Relationships

- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.
- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers.
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

Physical Development

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Autumn 1 Consolidate skills and knowledge from the 3- to 4-year-old section of the Development Matters plus begin to teach from the Reception year of the development matters.

- Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.
- Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.
- Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
- Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.
- Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.
- Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.
- Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width.
- Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel.
- Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.
- Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.
- Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils. Show a preference for a dominant hand.
- Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.

<u>Autumn 2</u> <u>Spring 1</u> <u>Spring 2</u> <u>Summer 1</u> • Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired:

- rolling crawling walking jumping running hopping skipping climbing
- Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace
- Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.

Summer 2

- Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently.
 Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons.
- Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor
- Combine different movements with ease and fluency.
- Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.
- Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility
- Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.
- Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.
- Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.
- Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully:
 - lining up and queuing mealtimes

Early Learning Goal Assessment at the end of the Reception Year –

Gross Motor Skills

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

Fine Motor Skills

- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing using the tripod grip in almost all cases.
- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.
- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Literacy

It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing.

onsolidate skills and knowledge from the 3- to 4-year-old section of the		Read individual le				
evelopment Matters plus begin to teach from the Reception year of the evelopment matters. Understand the five key concepts about print: • print has meaning • print can have different purposes • we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom • the names of the different parts of a book • page sequencing Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: • spot and suggest rhymes • count or clap syllables in a word • recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. Write a page of all of their pages.	•	Blend sounds into correspondences Read some letter Read a few comm Read simple phranecessary, a few Re-read these bo enjoyment. Form lower-case Spell words by id Write short sentestop	groups that each repression exception words ma ses and sentences made	n read short words madesent one sound and say stehed to the school's place up of words with know affidence in word reading ctly. If then writing the sound nown sound-letter corresponding	sounds for them nonic programme. In letter—sound corresponds, their fluency and their letter/s	oondences and, where r understanding and
of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. Write some or all of their name. Write some letters accurately. arly Learning Goal Assessment at the end of the Reception Year –						

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.
- Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.

Word Reading

Comprehension

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

Writing

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.
 Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.
 Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

Mathematics

Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and

and capacity

Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight

Talk about and identify the patterns around them. For example:

stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper.

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Consolidate skills and knowledge from the 3- to 4-year-old section of the Development Matters plus begin to teach from the Reception year of the development matters. Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising'). Recite numbers past 5. Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5. Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle'). Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5. Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5. Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'. Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'. Understand position through words alone — for example, "The bag is under the table," — with no pointing.	 Count objects, Subitise. Link the number Count beyond Compare numbers and the explore the correction Automatically select, rotate a compose and continue, copy Continue, copy 	actions and sounds. er symbol (numeral) ten pers e 'one more than/on mposition of number recall number bonds nd manipulate shap	with its cardinal numbers less than' relationshing to 10. for numbers 0–5 and ses to develop spatial recognisms patterns.	er value. p between consecutive n ome to 10. asoning skills.	

- Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs', etc.
- Extend and create ABAB patterns stick, leaf, stick, leaf.
- Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern.
- Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then...'
- Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof, etc.
- Combine shapes to make new ones an arch, a bigger triangle, etc.

Early Learning Goal Assessment at the end of the Reception Year –

Number

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number.
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

Numerical Patterns

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity.
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally

Understanding of the World

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

Autumn 2 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2					
 Talk about memb 	ers of their immediate f	amily and community.			
Name and describ	e people who are famil	iar to them.			
Comment on image	ges of familiar situations	s in the past			
 Compare and con 	trast characters from st	ories, including figures	from the past		
Draw information	from a simple map				
 Understand that s 	ome places are special	to members of their co	mmunity		
 Recognise that pe 	ople have different beli	efs and celebrate specia	al times in different wa	ys.	
Recognise some s	imilarities and differenc	es between life in this o	country and life in othe	r countries.	
 Explore the natur 	al world around them.				
Describe what the	y see, hear and feel wh	ilst outside.			
Recognise some e	nvironments that are di	ifferent from the one in	which they live.		
 Understand the e 	ffect of changing seasor	ns on the natural world	around them.		
	 Talk about member Name and describer Comment on imager Compare and construction Draw information Understand that see Recognise that peer Recognise some see Explore the nature Describer what the Recognise some ee 	 Talk about members of their immediate f Name and describe people who are famil Comment on images of familiar situations Compare and contrast characters from st Draw information from a simple map Understand that some places are special Recognise that people have different beli Recognise some similarities and difference Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel wh Recognise some environments that are d 	 Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Comment on images of familiar situations in the past Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures of their conformation from a simple map Understand that some places are special to members of their conformations expecially the members of their conformations in the past Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special expectations. Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this conformation them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Recognise some environments that are different from the one in 	 Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Comment on images of familiar situations in the past Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past Draw information from a simple map Understand that some places are special to members of their community Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different wa Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in othe Explore the natural world around them. 	

Early Learning Goal Assessment at the end of the Reception Year -

Past and Present

- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society.
- Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

People, Culture and Communities

- Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.
- Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

• Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.

The Natural World

- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.
- Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

Expressive Arts and Design

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Consolidate skills and knowledge from the 3- to 4-year-old section of the Development Matters plus begin to teach from the Reception year of the development matters. Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc. Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park. Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. Join different materials and explore different textures. Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc. Explore colour and colour mixing. Listen with increased attention to sounds. Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know. Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.	 Explore, use and Return to and bu Create collaborat Listen attentively Watch and talk al Sing in a group or Develop storyline 	refine a variety of artisti	c effects to express the rning, refining ideas an ources and skill t music, expressing the ance art, expressing th gly matching the pitch	eir ideas and feelings. Ind developing their about In feelings and responseir feelings and responseir feelings and response and following the me	pility to represent them. nses. ponses.

Early Learning Goal Assessment at the end of the Reception Year –

Creating with Materials

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.
- Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

Being Imaginative and Expressive

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs.
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music.

Autumn 1

	Week Beginning 1 st September	Week Beginning 8 th September	Week Beginning 15 th September	Week Beginning 22 rd September	Week Beginning 29 th September	Week Beginning 6 th October	Week Beginning 13 th October	Week Beginning 20 th October
Important Dates/Information	Inset – 1 st and 2 nd	Complete school Baseline	Complete school Baseline	Complete school Baseline	National Reception Baseline	Black History Month	Black History Month	Black History Month
Dates/Illiotiliation	Children start Wednesday 3 rd September	National Reception Baseline	National Reception Baseline	National Reception Baseline	Black History Month	World Mental Health Day – 10 th	Harvest Festival collection for food bank	Harvest Festival collection for food bank
		RWI starts.	Maths start.	Parent RWI workshop – 23 rd September		All baseline data complete – 10th.	Farm trip – 13 th and 14 th October.	Diwali – 20 th
Topic		Marvel	lous Me!		A long long			nd Us! (Autumn)
Super Start Exciting End	Children's favourite books to read (where possible) Family Photos from Tapestry				Discovery of eggs/Dinosaur in the	e classroom video.	Visit to the Farm Wellie Walk in the local environm	ent
Core Texts for Afternoons	Children's Favourite Books	Colour Monster	Families, Families, Families	Funny Bones	Dinosaurs in the Supermarket	Dave's Cave	Squirrels Autumn Search	Leaf man
Book sessions (<mark>Favourite 5</mark> / <mark>Poetry</mark>	Children's Favourite Books	Children's Favourite Books	Children's Favourite Books	Children's Favourite Books	Chop Chop	Cave baby	Pumpkin Soup	Pointy Hat
Basket)		Along came a different	Colour monster goes to school	The perfect fit	Cup of Tea			Leaves are falling
Key Songs	Children's Favourite Songs		clap your hands le, Little Star) Special, special, special		10 little dinosaurs Dinosaur, Dinosaur Turn around		All the Leaves are Falling Down Dingle Dangle Scarecrow Seasons Song for Kids (Autumn V	ersion) Pancake Manor
Literacy	Using a book, listening too and talking about a story, phonics knowledge and writing ability. Write initial sounds in v			Recognise and write name. Write initial sounds in words – co	correct letter formation.			
RWI	Play Fred Talk games Assess RWI sounds knowledge for new to school	Introduce and practise the silent signals: Team stop, My turn Your turn (MTYT), Turn to your partner (TTYP) and 1, 2, 3 signal. Teach children to name the pictures on the Sound-Picture Frieze (single sounds) and Play Fred Talk games	Teach reading and writing: m, a, s, d, t and Play Fred Talk games	Teach reading and writing: i, n, p, g, o and Learning to blend (Word Time 1.1) and Play Fred Talk games	Teach reading and writing: c, k, u, b and Learning to blend (Word Time 1.2) and Play Fred Talk games	Teach reading and writing: fe I h and Learning to blend (Word Time 1.3) and Play Fred Talk games. Teach 'Learning to use Fred Fingers' until routines established.	Teach reading and writing: r j v y w and Learning to blend (Word Time 1.4) and Play Fred Talk games. Teach 'Learning to use Fred Fingers' until routines established.	Teach reading and writing: z x and Learning to blend (Word Time 1.5) and Play Fred Talk games. Fred Fingers: spelling one or two words that have been read that day
Communication and Language	Assess skills and knowledge – liste	ening skills, understanding and spea	king.	How to listen, Listening to and re Concept Cat	responding to stories, begin to new vocab, learn new songs and rhymes			
Personal, Social, Emotional	School rules and expectations			concept cut				
Development	How to be a good friend – sharing Feelings and emotions - Being independent How to be a safe pedestrian	getc						
Physical Development	Fine motor – dough disco. Correct	t use of 1 handed tools such as a per	ncil, scissors, cutlery, teach correct let	tter formation.				
		Coach Unlimited baseline assessment	Coach Unlimited - Multi – Skills				T	
Mathematics	Assess maths skills and knowledge recognition/pattern/position	e - Counting/shapes/number	Book 2, Chapter 1, Episode 1 – Reciting number to 10	Book 2, Chapter 1, Episode 2 – 1-1 correspondence	Book 2, Chapter 1, Episode 3 – Cardinality	Book 2, Chapter 2, Episode 1 – Perceptual subitising within 5	Book 2, Chapter 2, Episode 2 – Perceptual subitising to 5	Book 2, Chapter 3, Episode 1 – Comparing lengths
Understanding the World	Our feelings/ school/community/ cultures/languages spoken/ homes/ /birthdays/ family tree/jobs our families do- similarities and differenc body/senses/			res.	History of dinosaurs Ilmportant historical figure – Mary Anning - Palaeontologist job role. How was the world different – moving on the cave men and then compare to now. –		Life cycle of a tree. The natural world and the changes of seasons. Study local maps for wellie walk /draw maps of the walk/local area. Talk about what they can see, feel and hear outside. Natural collections of autumn objects.	
Expressive Arts and Design	Explore colour and colour mixing Explore feelings through colour and art Picasso - Self-portraits Cotton Bud Skeletons Familiar Role play experiences eg – home corner, shop Home Corner and School				Topic linked Role play – Mary Anning's dinosaur exploration/dig Cave man art – simple representations.		Topic linked Role play – camping, Andy Goldsworthy – Natural Art.	·
Key Vocabulary taught	Rules and Routines ,Unique, Fami	ly ,Family Tree, Skeleton, Body Parts	s,Feelings Healthy Lifestyles Detached	, Bungalow	Dinosaur, timeline, carnivore, he pray, extinct, prehistoric, fossil, p		Season, autumn, hibernate, harve orange, golden, brown, pine cone	

Autumn 2

	Week Beginning 3 rd November	Week Beginning 10 th November	Week Beginning 17 th November	Week Beginning 24 th November	Week Beginning 1st December	Week Beginning 8 th December	Week Beginning 15 th December
Important Dates/Information	Bonfire Night – 5 th	Remembrance Day – 11 th	Road Safety Week		Advent	Advent	Advent
		Children in Need – 14 th				All data complete – 8 th	EYFS singalong to parents.
		Nursery Rhyme Week				Christmas Jumper Day – 11 th	EYFS Decoration Parent Share
		Anti-bullying Week					
Topic		Out of this World		Castles, Knights	and Dragons	Chris	tmas
Super Start Exciting End	Spaceship crash			Topic Themed Day		Christmas Decoration Parent Share	
Core Texts for Afternoons	Whatever Next	The Darkest Dark	Astro Girl	The very last castle	The knight who wouldn't fight	Stickman	The Traditional Christmas Story
Book sessions (Favourite 5/ Poetry Basket)	Owl Babies	Mice	Sweep	Breezy Weather	Princesses break free	Stardust	A range of Christmas stories.
		Wise Old Owl		Who has seen the wind?			
Key Songs	Zoom Zoom Zoom We're going to the 5 little men in a flyer saucer Rocket into space	e moon		Old King Cole The Grand old Juke of York		Christmas Sing Along Songs	
Literacy		d read CVC words , Write and read simp	ole phrases				
RWI	Planning according to each group leve	el – see RWI planning handbook for mo	re details.				
Communication and	New vocab, talk in sentences/extende	ed sentences, listen to and take part in o	class discussions, ask and answer que	stions, talk about events, learn new songs a	nd rhymes.		
Language	Concept Cat						
Personal, Social, Emotional Development	Promote tooth brushing and good ora How to be a good friend – solving cor Being independent						
Physical Development	Fine motor, correct use of 1 handed t	cools such as a pencil, scissors, cutlery, le	etter formation.				
	Coach Unlimited – Football						
Mathematics	Book 2, Chapter 3, Episode 2 – Filling Volume	Book 2, Chapter 4, Episode 1 – Conceptual subitising within 5	Book 2, Chapter 5, Episode 1 – Moving simple shapes	Book 2, Chapter 6, Episode 1 – Conceptual subitising to 5	Book 2, Chapter 7, Episode 1 – Identifying circles, squares and triangles	Book 2, Chapter 8, Episode 1 – Conceptual subitising to 7	Book 2, Chapter 9, Episode 1 – Recognising area covered
Understanding the World	Historical figure – Neil Armstrong/Tin Mechanical equipment to explore – s Ariel map of school from space. Magnets and Gravity	n Peake/Helen Sharmen/Mae Jemison e uch as computers/cogs	tc	Historical/Important figures – Queen Elizabeth and King Charles What was it like in the past living in a castle? Tamworth Castle – maps, history of the castle.		What does Christmas around the world/different cultures and religions and Christmas's in the past look like? Comparison to their own experiences.	
Expressive Arts and Design	Topic linked role play – space station, Firework/Bonfire related artwork Junk modelling – rockets	/space rocket.		Topic role play – castle Paul Klee Art work – Castle/2d shapes.		Role play – Santa's workshop Christmas songs /performance	
Key Vocabulary taught	Sun, star, moon, planet, astronaut, gr	ravity, orbit, Earth, alien.		Castle, moat, battlements, drawbridge, p	ortcullis, knight, attack, defend	Christmas, Bethlehem. Mary, Joseph, S Gifts.	nephard, Angel Gabriel, Santa, Elves.

Spring 1

	Week Beginning 6th January	Week Beginning 13th January	Week Beginning 20 th January	Week Beginning 27 th January	Week Beginning 3 rd February	Week Beginning 10 th February
Important Dates/Information						Children's mental health week
						Safer internet day – 11 th
						Lunar New Year – 17 th
						Pancake Day – 17 th
Topic	The World Arou	nd Us! (Winter)	"Who you gunn	a call?" (People who help us – medical staff, v	ets, dentist, fire, police, coast guard, postal o	fficer, teachers)
Super Start Exciting End	Wellie walk in the local area.		Possible visits from professionals over the we	eks		
Core Texts for Afternoons	Here comes Jack Frost	Winter Sleep / Snowball	You cant call an elephant in an Emergency	Non fiction books related to jobs - m	edical staff, vets, dentist, fire, police, coast gu	ard, teachers.
Book sessions (Favourite 5/ Poetry Basket/	Carrot Nose	I Definitely Don't Like Winter	The Ugly Ducking	Fabulous Frankie	Mixed	Pancake
Drawing Club)	I can build a snowman	Room on the Broom	Going on a Bear hunt	Whats in the Witches Kitchen	Not now Bernard	Popcorn
	Dear Zoo					The Hairy Toe
Key Songs	Here we go round the mulberry bush Snowflake snowflake	anaska Manar	People who help us - https://youtu.be/M8Psz	a6N2Os		
Literacy	Seasons Song for Kids (Autumn Version) Pa Rhyme and Rhyming words, Write and read		I nd sentences. Write lists. Full stops and capital I	etters. Correct formation. Retell stories using ve	ocab from the book.	
RWI	Planning according to each group level – see	e RWI planning handbook for more details.				
Communication and Language	Build on vocabulary, talk in sentences, exter Concept Cat	nd sentences, listen and respond to discussion	ns, following complex instructions, learn new sor	gs, rhymes and poems		
Personal, Social, Emotional Development	Promote being a good member of society Being a safe pedestrian Healthy Eating.					
Physical Development	, ,	uch as a pencil, scissors, cutlery, letter formati	ion.			
	Coach Unlimited – Gymnastics					
Mathematics	Book 2, Chapter 9, Episode 2 – Comparing lenghts	Book 2, Chapter 10, Episode 1 – Reciting beyond 10	Book 2, Chapter 10, Episode 2 – Counting beyond 10	Book 2, Chapter 12, Episode 1 – Identify all rectangles	Book 2, Chapter 13, Episode 1 – Mentally order within 6	Book 2, Chapter 13, Episode 2 – Order to 5
Understanding the World	Study local maps for wellie walk /draw map The natural world and the changes of seaso Talk about what they can see, feel and hear Animals that hibernate. Changing state – freezing/melting	ns.	Roles in society – jobs now and in the past. V	hat the role does and how it helps society?		
Expressive Arts and Design	Music - The Snow is Dancing by Debussy - e other music makes you feel? Winter related art Role play – School	xplore how it makes you feel and how	Topic based role play – links to jobs taught ab	out each week.		
Key Vocabulary taught	Freezing, melting, liquid, solid, frost, ice			Hose ,Fire alarm ,Fire extinguisher Police Office , dentist, teacher, learning coast guard, life boa		nurse, stethoscope, post office, postal

Spring 2

	Week Beginning 23 rd February	Week Beginning 2 nd March	Week Beginning 9 th March	Week Beginning 16 th March	Week Beginning 23 rd March	
Important Dates/Information		World Book Day – 5 th March	Mother's Day – 15 th March	Young Carer's Action Day – 16 th		
		Holi – 3 rd March		Eid-Al – Fitr – 20 th March		
				All data complete – 16 th		
Topic		Traditional Tales	The World Around Us!	(Spring/Easter/Growing)		
Super Start Exciting End	Traditional Tales – 'cinema' trip – invites, popco	rn,et <mark>c</mark>		Wellie walk in the local area and plant seeds Easter Afternoon – egg hunt and bonnet parade.		
Core Texts for Afternoons	The Gingerbread Man	The Billy Goats Gruff	Hansel and Gretel	The Tiny Seed	I'm going on an Easter Egg hunt.	
Book sessions	Amazing	The Invisible	Goldilocks and just one more bear	The Paper Dolls	Egg Drop	
(Favourite 5/ Poetry Basket/ Drawing Club)	Jack and the Beanstalk	Chicken Licken	Little Red Hen	Where the wild things are	The Odd Egg	
Key Songs	House of the Bears Pat a cake pat a cake I know an old lady who swallowed a fly			Chick chick chick chicken Planting Flowers (Sung to: Fere Jacques) Seasons Song for Kids (Autumn Version) Pancake Manor		
Literacy	Write and read simple phrases and sentences. V	rite lists and instructions. Full stops and capital let	ters. Correct formation. Retell stories using vocab			
RWI	Planning according to each group level – see RW	/I planning handbook for more details				
Communication and Language	Build on vocabulary, talk in sentences, extend se Concept Cat	entences, listen and respond to discussions, following	ng complex instructions, correct use of past, pres	ent and future tenses, use of conjunctions, learn new son	gs, rhymes and poems.	
Personal, Social, Emotional Development	Promote all aspects of health – eating, dental, so	creen time etc.				
Physical Development	Fine motor, correct use of 1 handed tools such a	s a pencil, scissors, cutlery, letter formation.				
	Coach Unlimited – Tennis					
Mathematics	Book 2, Chapter 14, Episode 1 – Moving for compatibility	Book 2, Chapter 14, Episode 2 – Matching shapes by and despite size and orientation	Book 2, Chapter 15, Episode 1 – When groups are the same	Book 2, Chapter 16, Episode 1 – Bonds within 5	Book 2, Chapter 17, Episode 1 – Moving shapes, alternative shapes	
Understanding the World	Change of materials when cooking Compare past and present from the stories Create maps to re tell the stories Compare tools/objects from the stories to now-	- wood cutters axe – chainsaw etc.	Life cycle of plants Study local maps for wellie walk /draw maps of the The natural world and the changes of seasons. Talk Does everyone celebrate Easter and if so how? Wha	about what they can see, feel and hear outside.		
Expressive Arts and Design	Topic role play – stage for telling stories. Junk modelling of the bridge and other main structures in the stories. Kandinsky artwork – create Still life drawing				ng in the style of.	
Key Vocabulary taught	Once upon a time A long time ago The end Auth	or, illustrator, traditional, beginning, middle, endin	g, problem, solution	blossom, bud. hatch chick. Daffodil tadpole.lamb God, Jesus, died, cross, resurrected Flower, fruit, sh	oot, root, stem, leaves	

Summer 1

	Week Beginning 13 th April	Week Beginning 20 th April	Week Beginning 27 th April	Week Beginning 4 th May	Week Beginning 11 th May	Week Beginning 18 th May					
Important Dates/Information				Bank Holiday – 4 th							
Topic		Around the World									
Super Start Exciting End	Paddington arrives with passports for the	oddington arrives with passports for the children – inviting them on his trip around the world – Airport immersive experience.									
Core Texts for Afternoons	The Hundred Decker Bus (travel)	The Hundred Decker Bus (travel) My Granny went to the market (Around the World) Mama Panya's Pancakes: A Village Tale (London, England) Poles Apart (Antarctica and Artic) Somebody swallowed S the sea)									
Book sessions (Favourite 5/ Poetry Basket / Drawing	My must have mum	The Fox	The Giant Jam Sandwich	Wolves in Helicopters	Dance	Five Litte Peas					
Club)	Pirate Pete	Would you rather?	Rosie's Walk	Farmer Duck	Thunderstorm	Sliced Bread					
					Penguin	A dark dark tale					
Key Songs	The Wheels on the bus Focus on music from around the world.										
Literacy	Write and read simple phrases and senter	nces. Write lists, instructions and stories. Full	stops and capital letters. Correct formation.	Retell stories using vocab from the book.							
RWI	Planning according to each group level – s	Planning according to each group level – see RWI planning handbook for more details									
Communication and Language	Build on vocabulary, talk in extended sent Concept Cat	ences, hold and take part in a detailed discus	sion, following complex instructions, correct	use of past, present and future tenses, use o	of conjunctions.						
Personal, Social, Emotional Development	Promote healthy eating and dental hygier Road safety.	ne.									
Physical Development	Fine motor, correct use of 1 handed tools Coach Unlimited – Athletics	such as a pencil, scissors, cutlery, letter form	ation.								
Mathematics	Book 2, Chapter 17, Episode 2 – same, different	Book 2, Chapter 18, Episode 1 – Bonds within 10	Book 2, Chapter 18, Episode 2 – Bonds to 10	Book 2, Chapter 19, Episode 1 – 1 more 1 fewer within 6	Book 2, Chapter 19, Episode 2 – Make numbers with 1 part unknown	Book 2, Chapter 20, Episode 1 – Make 3d shapes					
Understanding the World	Transport – how do we travel around the world now and in the past? Compare and contrast life in the different places – including ways of life, food etc Locate on world map where the children are from – EAL children. London – past and present David Attenborough and Scott of the Antarctic Weather in each place Plastic pollution and the effect it has.										
Expressive Arts and Design	African prints, jewellery, music, animals, o	African prints, jewellery, music, animals, dance. Watch parts of Lion King the musical. Music and dance related to England. Music played by the guards.									
Key Vocabulary taught		General – travel, world, globe, places, countries, cities Modes of transport – car, lorry, train, airplane, boat, ship etc. Africa - Sahara Desert , Savannah Grasslands London - Monarch , Royal Family , Capital City Antarctica - Iceberg , Glacier , Emperor Penguin Artic - Snow, Ice, Polar Bear. The Ocean - Ocean pollution, Recycle									

Summer 2

	Week Beginning 1st June	Week Beginning 8 th June	Week Beginning 15 th June	Week Beginning 22 nd June	Week Beginning 29 th June	Week Beginning 6 th July	Week Beginning 13 th July
Important Dates/Information		Healthy eating week	ELG data due in	EYFS sports day – 26 th			
			Kings Offical Birthday – 20 th				
			Fathers day – 21 st				
Topic	Minibeasts		Superheroes		Summer/At th	ne seaside	Moving on
Super Start Exciting End	Butterflies – to watch grow and change		Super hero day		Wellie Walk in the environment Seaside themed afternoon		
Core Texts for Afternoons	The Very Hungry Caterpillar	Mad about minibeasts	Supertato	Super Daisy/Super Duck/Super Bat	Mouse's Summer Muddle/Hello Summer	What the lady bird heard at the seaside	Super Duper You
Book sessions (Favourite 5/ Poetry Basket/	Superworm	A little shell	Barabra throws a wobbler	The Whale who wanted more	Blue Monster wants it all	The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch	The Pencil
Drawing Club)		Under a stone	Little Rabbit Foo Foo	The Magic Porridge Pot	Tiddler	Lunch	
	Lost and Found	Billy and the Beast				The Tiger that Came to Tea	The Night Pirates
Key Songs	Little Miss Muffet	billy and the beast	1-10 Superhero Song (teacher made) - To	<u> winkl</u>	Seasons Song for Kids (Autumn Versio	n) Pancake Manor	
	Inzy Wincey Spider		Kids Superhero Song - Let's Be Superheroes Action Songs for Kids - Bounce Patrol		The big ship sails on the ally ally-oh Over The Deep Blue Sea Kids Songs Super Simple Songs		
Literacy	The Ants Go Marching Write and read simple phrases and ser	ntences. Write lists, instructions, storie	s and nonfiction reports. Full stops and cap	pital letters. Correct formation. Retell stor		Super Simple Songs	
RWI	Planning according to each group level						
Communication and Language			ailed discussion, following complex instruct	ions, correct use of past, present and fut	ure tenses, use of conjunctions.		
	Concept Cat			, ,			
Personal, Social, Emotional Development	Thinking about Moving on – Transition Healthy eating	1.					
Physical Development	Additional PE – Sports day events						
	Fine motor, correct use of 1 handed to Coach Unlimited – Rounders	ools such as a pencil, scissors, cutlery, le	etter formation.				
Mathematics	Book 2, Chapter 20, Episode 2 –	Teach to ELG – anything not fully un	derstood or covered				
Wathematics	Makes pictures with 3d shapes	reach to LEG — anything not runy un	derstood of covered.				
Understanding the World	Minibeasts habitats and food chains Life cycle of a butterfly and other minibeasts		Drawing maps related to superheroes sa	aving people	Talk about what they can see, feel and Changing in the season – summer. Con seasons. History of holiday. Maps of journeys. I	mpare and contrast to other	Compare starting Reception to what you know now.
					map		
Expressive Arts and Design	Clay models Role play – minibeast hunting		Role play – gym		Role play – beach themed.		
Key Vocabulary taught	Minibeasts, insects, spider, bee, butter slug, beetle, wasp, ant, worm, earwig, legs, wings, body, head, antennae, gar tree, honey.	woodlouse, home, habitat, food,	Enemy, villain, courage, rescue, bravery,	defeat, invisibility, disguise, cloak	Beach, sandcastle, wave, sea, sand, cli starfish, rockpool, seashell, seagull, pi season – summer, sun, hot.		Aspirations, goals, motivation, inspire, steps, success, new experiences